# "Solve simultaneous equations, including one linear one quadratic." (Standard)

### **Question 1**

Solve these simultaneous equations:

$$y = x^2 + 12x - 12$$

$$y = 5x + 6$$

### **Question 2**

Solve these simultaneous equations:

$$y = x^2 - 17x - 17$$

$$y + 5x = -37$$

### **Question 3**

Solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = 2(x - 2)^2$$

$$3x + y = 26$$

(5 marks)

# **Question 4**

Solve the simultaneous equations

$$v = 2x^2 - 3x - 5$$

$$y = 2x^2 - 3x - 5 \qquad 10x + 2y + 11 = 0$$

(5 marks)

## **Question 5**

Solve these simultaneous equations:

$$xy = 6$$

$$x + y = 7$$

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**dfm** 2

## **Question 6**

Solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = x - 2,$$
  
$$y^2 + x^2 = 10$$

# **Question 7**

Solve these simultaneous equations:

$$x^2 + 2y^2 = 18$$

$$2y = x - 6$$

# **Question 8**

The curve C has equation  $y = \frac{3}{x}$  and the line l has equation y = 2x + 5.

One of the points of intersection of C and l is (-3, -1). Find the other point of intersection.

# Mark scheme

#### **Question 1**

$$x = -9, y = -39 \text{ or } x = 2, y = 16$$

#### Question 2

$$x = 2, y = -47 \text{ or } x = 10, y = -87$$

#### **Question 3**

$$x = \frac{9}{2}$$
,  $y = \frac{25}{2}$  or  $x = -2$ ,  $y = 32$ 

$$2x^{2} - 8x + 8 = 26 - 3x$$

$$2x^{2} - 5x - 18(= 0)$$

$$(2x - 9)(x + 2)(= 0)$$
M1
$$x = \frac{9}{2}, x = -2$$
A1
$$y = \frac{25}{2}, y = 32$$
A1

### **Question 4**

$$x = -\frac{1}{2}, y = -3$$

$$2x^{2} - 3x - 5 = \frac{-10x - 11}{2}$$

$$4x^{2} + 4x + 1 = 0$$

$$(2x + 1)(2x + 1) = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = -3$$
\*M1
A1
A1

#### **Question 5**

$$x = 1, y = 6 \text{ or } x = 6, y = 1$$

#### **Question 6**

$$x = 3, y = 1 \text{ or } x = -1, y = -3$$

### **Question 7**

$$x = 0, y = -3 \text{ or } x = 4, y = -1$$

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# Question 8

 $\left(\frac{1}{2},6\right)$