

Y11 Summer Work – Spanish

1. Compile detailed notes on the following tenses
Present
Preterite
Imperfect
Future
Conditional
-include common irregulars (hacer/tener/ir etc.)

You should bring these to all lessons next year but you must also make the effort to learn them off by heart – this will make Y12 a lot easier.

2. Go through the vocab list below. These are words and phrases you are expected to know before you start Year 12. Highlight the words/phrases you definitely know. Learn the others gradually.
3. Using the question words, write 20 questions in Spanish using all three tenses.
4. Read through the AQA AS Spanish specification online to familiarise yourself with what you will be studying next year.

3.5.1 Rubrics and instructions

The following is a guide to the sort of rubrics and instructions which will be used in Section B of the Listening and Reading exams. The list is indicative, not exclusive.

Spanish	
Completa/Rellena la tabla/el texto/el espacio blanco en español .	Complete/Fill in the table/the text/the blank space in Spanish .
Completa la frase/las frases...	Complete the phrase(s)/sentence(s)...
Contesta a las preguntas en español .	Answer the questions in Spanish .
Da (dos) detalles...	Give (two) details...
Empareja...	Match...

Spanish

Escribe la(s) letra(s) correcta(s) en cada casilla.	Write the correct letter(s) in each box.
Escribe la letra correcta/el número correcto en la casilla.	Write the correct letter/number in the box.
Escribe todos los detalles.	Write all the details/Give full details.
Escoge...	Choose...
Escucha la descripción/la opinión/la entrevista/las noticias...	Listen to the description/the opinion/the interview/the news...
Indica...	Indicate...
Indica las...frases verdaderas.	Indicate the ...true phrases/sentences.
Lee el texto / el artículo / la lista de actividades / la lista de instrucciones / la información.	Read the text/the article/the list of activities/the list of instructions/the information.
Lee lo que dicen...	Read what they say...
Menciona una ventaja/desventaja...	Mention one advantage/disadvantage...
No es necesario escribir con frases completas.	It is not necessary to write in full sentences.
Escribe: P si la opinión es positiva N si la opinión es negativa P+N si la opinión es positiva y negativa	Write : P if the opinion is positive N if the opinion is negative P+N if the opinion is positive and negative

Spanish	
Puedes escribir la misma letra más de una vez.	You can use the same letter more than once.
¿Quién...?	Who...?
Responde a las dos partes de la pregunta.	Answer both parts of the question.
Selecciona/Escoge el párrafo...	Select/Choose the paragraph...

The following is a guide to the sort of rubrics and instructions which will be used in the Writing exam. The list is indicative, not exclusive.

Spanish	
Escribe aproximadamente 40 palabras en español .	Write approximately 40 words in Spanish .
Escribe aproximadamente 90 palabras en español . Responde a todos los aspectos de la pregunta.	Write approximately 90 words in Spanish . Write something about each bullet point.
Escribe aproximadamente 150 palabras en español . Responde a los dos aspectos de la pregunta.	Write approximately 150 words in Spanish . Write something about both bullet points.
Escribe cuatro frases en español que describan la foto.	Write four sentences in Spanish about the photo.
Escríbele sobre...	Write to him/her about...
Escríbele una carta/un email.	Write a letter/email to him/her.
Menciona...	Mention...

3.5.2 General vocabulary

Students will be expected to use and understand the general vocabulary listed below. This vocabulary is not restricted to specific settings and can occur in any of the themes listed in the specification.

3.5.2.1 Comparisons

Spanish	
bastante	sufficient, enough, quite
comparar	to compare
demasiado	too, too much
igual que	same as
más (que)	more (than)
mayor	main, major, larger, bigger, greater
mayoría, la	most, majority
mejor	better, best
menor	smaller, less, least
menos (que)	less (than)
mismo	same
muy	very
parecido a	like, similar to
peor	worse, worst
poco (eg poco ruidoso)	not very
tan ... como	as ... as

Spanish

tanto ... como

as much ... as

Students will also be expected to know comparatives and superlatives of the above adjectives and adverbs.

3.5.2.2 Conjunctions

Spanish

a pesar de

in spite of, despite

así que

so, therefore

aun (si)

even (if)

aunque

although, (even) though

como

as, since

cuando

when

incluso

even

mientras (que)

while, meanwhile

o/u

or

pero

but

por eso

for that reason, therefore

por lo tanto

therefore

porque

because

pues

then, since

si

if

Spanish	
sin embargo	however
tal vez	maybe, perhaps
también	also
ya (que)	as, since

3.5.2.3 Connectives

Spanish	
además	moreover, besides
aparte de	apart from
claro que	of course
dado que	given that
es decir	in other words, that is to say
por un lado/por otro lado	on the one hand/on the other hand
por una parte/por otra parte	on the one hand/on the other hand
sin duda	obviously, certainly

3.5.2.4 Prepositions

Spanish	
a	to, at
de	from, of
en	in

Spanish	
hacia	towards
hasta	until
para	for
por	through, by, in, for, per
según	according to
sin	without

3.5.2.5 Negatives

Spanish	
jamás	never
ni...ni	neither ... nor
nada	nothing
nadie	nobody
ninguno	none, no-one
nunca	never
sino	but, except
tampoco	neither/not ... either ...
ya no	not any more

3.5.2.6 Important verbs

Spanish

acabar de + infinitive	to have just (done something)
comenzar	to begin
continuar	to continue
dar	to give
darse cuenta (de)	to realise
deber	must, have to
decidir	to decide
dejar de	to stop (doing something)
echar	to throw
empezar	to begin
estar	to be
hace(n) falta	to need, to be necessary
hacer	to do, to make
hacerse	to become
hay	there is, there are
hay que	one must, one has to
ir	to go
ir a + infinitive	(to be) going to (do something)
irse	to go away, to leave

Spanish	
necesitar	to need
ocurrir	to happen
pasar	to happen, to go through, to spend (time)
poder	to be able, can
poner	to put
ponerse a	to start doing something
querer	to want; to love
quisiera	I'd like
saber	to know (a fact, how to do something)
seguir	to continue, to follow
ser	to be
soler	to regularly do something
tener	to have, to own
tener lugar	to take place
tener que	to have to do something
volver a	to do (something) again
volverse	to become

3.5.2.9 Asking questions

Spanish	
¿(a)dónde?	where?
¿cómo?	how?
¿cuál(es)?	which?
¿cuándo?	when?
¿cuánto?	how much?
¿cuántos ...?	how many?
¿de dónde?	where from?
¿de quién?	whose?
¿por dónde?	through where?
¿por qué?	why?
¿qué?	what?
¿quién?	who?

Common questions

Spanish	
¿a qué hora?	at what time?
¿cuánto cuesta(n)?	how much does it/do they cost?
¿cuánto es?	how much is it?
¿cuánto vale(n)?	how much does it/do they cost?
¿cuántos años tiene(s)?	how old are you?

Spanish	
¿de qué color?	what colour?
¿para/por cuánto tiempo?	for how long?
¿qué día?	what day?
¿qué fecha?	what date?
¿qué hora es?	what time is it?

3.5.2.10 Greetings and exclamations

Spanish	
¡Basta ya!	That's enough!
¡Bienvenido!	Welcome!
¡Buen viaje!	Have a good trip!
¡Buena suerte!	Good luck!
¡Claro!	Of course!
¡Cuidado!	Careful! Watch out!
¡Enhorabuena!	Congratulations!
¡Felices vacaciones!	Have a good holiday!
¡Felicidades!	Best wishes! Congratulations!
¡Felicitaciones!	Congratulations!
¡Ojo!	Watch out! Careful!
¡Qué (+ adjective)!	How ...!

Spanish

¡Qué (+ noun)!	What a ...!
¡Que lo pase(s) bien!	Have a good time!
¡Qué va!	Come on! Rubbish! Nonsense!
¡Socorro!	Help!
¿Cómo está(s)?	How are you?
¿De veras?	Really?
¿Qué hay?	What's happening? What's the matter?
¿Qué pasa?	What's happening? What's the matter?
¿Qué tal?	How are you? How's ...?
con permiso	excuse me
de nada	you're welcome/don't mention it
encantado	pleased to meet you
hasta el (lunes)	till/see you (Monday)
hasta luego	see you later
hasta mañana	see you tomorrow
hasta pronto	see you soon
lo siento	I'm sorry
mucho gusto	pleased to meet you

Spanish	
perdón	sorry
perdone	sorry
por favor	please
saludar	to greet, to say hello
saludos	regards, greetings
vale	ok

3.5.2.11 Opinions

Spanish	
aburrido	boring, bored
afortunado	lucky
agradable	pleasant
antiguo	old
apropiado	correct, appropriate
barato	cheap
bonito	pretty
bueno	good
calidad, la	quality
caro	expensive
decepcionado	disappointed

Spanish

decepcionante	disappointing
desagradable	unpleasant
desventaja, la	disadvantage
distinto	different
divertido	amusing, entertaining
duro	hard
emocionante	exciting, thrilling, moving
encantador	charming
entretenido	entertaining, amusing
espléndido	fantastic, great, terrific
estupendo	fantastic, marvellous
fácil	easy
fatal	awful, fatal
fenomenal	great, fantastic
feo	ugly
genial	brilliant, great
guay	cool
hermoso	beautiful
horroroso	horrible

Spanish

impresionante	impressive, striking
increíble	incredible
inseguro	unsafe, uncertain
inútil	useless
malo	bad
maravilloso	marvellous
nuevo	new
precioso	precious, beautiful
profundo	deep, profound
raro	strange, rare
seguro	safe, certain
sencillo	simple, plain, straightforward
sorprendido	surprised
tonto	silly
tranquilo	peaceful, quiet
único	unique, only, single
útil	useful
ventaja, la	advantage
viejo	old

Spanish

aburrirse	to get bored
adorar	to adore, to love
alegrar	to cheer up
alegrarse (de)	to be happy about
apreciar	to appreciate
aprovechar	to make the most
aprovecharse (de)	to take advantage (of)
creer	to believe
dar igual	to be all the same, to make no difference
decepcionar	to disappoint
decir	to say
desear	to wish
disfrutar	to enjoy
divertirse	to have a good time
dudar	to doubt
encantar	to delight
esperar	to hope
estar de acuerdo	to agree
estar a favor	to be in favour of

Spanish	
estar en contra	to be against
estar harto de	to be fed up of
fastidiar	to annoy, to bother

Customs and festivals in Spanish-speaking countries/communities

Spanish	
Año Nuevo, el	New Year
castañuelas, las	castanets
corrida, la	bullfight
costumbre, la	custom, way
Día de los Muertos, el	All Souls' Day
Día de Reyes, el	Epiphany, 6 January
día festivo, el	public holiday
feria, la	fair
fiesta, la	festival
juguete, el	toy
Navidad	Christmas
Nochebuena	Christmas Eve
Nochevieja	31 December
Papá Noel	Father Christmas

Spanish

Pascua, la	Easter
Reyes Magos, los	the Three Kings
santo, el	saint's day
Semana Santa, la	Easter week
Tomatina, la	tomato throwing festival
tener suerte	to be lucky
torero, el	bullfighter
toro, el	bull